

MEMBER PROTECTION POLICY

VERSION 7

Approved by the Board: 28 January 2014

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PREFACE

Disability Sports Australia (DISABILITY SPORTS AUSTRALIA - DSA) has developed this Member Protection Policy in recognition of the growing need to ensure all of our members are protected in all situations that may arise through their involvement with DISABILITY SPORTS AUSTRALIA, member organisations and/or affiliated organisations.

DISABILITY SPORTS AUSTRALIA is committed to providing an environment that is free from all forms of harassment, discrimination and abuse for everyone, that is safe for children, and to promote positive behaviour and values.

This Policy provides a Code of Behaviour forming the basis of appropriate and ethical conduct which everyone must abide by. In addition there are supplementary role specific Codes of Conduct also included.

This Policy is an essential part of DISABILITY SPORTS AUSTRALIA's proactive and preventative approach to tackling inappropriate behaviour. Inappropriate or unlawful behaviour will not be tolerated by DSA.

This Policy sets out codes of behaviour with which everyone associated with the organisation is expected to abide. The Board of Directors and Staff of DISABILITY SPORTS AUSTRALIA are committed to ensuring that everyone associated with our organisation complies with this Policy.

Jenni Cole Chief Executive Officer Disability Sports Australia

28 January 2014

REVIEW HISTORY OF DSA MEMBER PROTECTION POLICY

Version	Date reviewed	Date endorsed	Content reviewed/purpose
1	Created 23.01.05	13.05.06	Initial Draft
2	29.05.07	18.06.07	Revised Draft
3	18.04.08	03.05.08	Revised Draft
4	08.02.09	08.02.09	Revised Draft
5	01.02.10	07.02.10	Revised Draft
6	31.05.12	1.06.12	 Updated to reflect current legislative requirements and emerging issues in sport. Alteration to: Part A 1. DISABILITY SPORTS AUSTRALIA's Core Values 6.1 Child Protection 10. Dictionary Attachment B4: Official Code of Conduct Attachment B5: Athlete Code of Conduct Part C: Screening / Working With Children Check Requirements Attachment C1: Screening Requirements Attachment C3: Working with Children Child Protection Requirements Attachment D1: Complaints Procedure Attachment D2: Mediation Addition of: 6.7 Alcohol Policy 6.8 Smoking Policy 6.9 Cyber Bullying/Safety 6.10 Social Networking Websites Policy Part E Reporting Requirement and Documents
7	17.01.14	28.01.14	 Updated to reflect name change to DISABILITY SPORTS AUSTRALIA (DSA) Links to relevant resources included; for example, links to guidance on developing an Alcohol Policy or a Communications Policy on the Play by the Rules website Dictionary of terms shortened and simplified Short introductions included in the template to Part B: Codes of Behaviour; Part C: Working with Children Check Requirements; Part D: Complaint Handling Requirements; and Part E: Reporting Requirements and Documents/Forms All attachments rewritten in plain language and links to fact sheets and other relevant information included, as appropriate Information in Part C: Working with Children Check Requirements edited and contact details and links included for relevant government agencies in each state and territory

PART A: MEMBER PROTECTION POLICY

1. Introduction

Disability Sports Australia is Australia's peak national body for state and other sports and recreational organisations representing people with a physical disability.

Through our members we assist people with a physical disability to develop and engage with the community through sports participation and recreational opportunities.

2. Purpose of Policy

This Member Protection Policy ("Policy") aims to assist Disability Sports Australia to uphold its core values and create a safe, fair and inclusive environment for everyone associated with our sport. It sets out our commitment to ensure that every person involved in our sport is treated with respect and dignity and protected from discrimination, harassment and abuse. It also ensures that everyone involved in our sport is aware of their legal and ethical rights and responsibilities, as well as the standards of behaviour expected of them.

The Policy attachments describe the practical steps we will take to eliminate discrimination, harassment, child abuse and other forms of inappropriate behaviour from our sport. As part of this commitment, Disability Sports Australia will take disciplinary action against any person or organisation bound by this Policy if they breach it.

This Policy has been endorsed by the Board of Disability Sports Australia.

The Policy starts on 1 February 2014 and will operate until replaced.

The current Policy and its attachments can be obtained from our website at: http://www.sports.org.au

3. Who this Policy applies to

This Policy applies to the following people, operating at or representing the national level, whether they are in a paid or unpaid/voluntary:

- 3.1 persons appointed or elected to national boards, committees and sub-committees of Disability Sports Australia
- 3.2 employees of Disability Sports Australia
- 3.3 members of the Disability Sports Australia Executive
- 3.4 support personnel appointed or elected to national teams or squads (e.g. including managers, physiotherapists, psychologists, masseurs, sport trainers and others)
- 3.5 national coaches and assistant coaches
- 3.6 national representative athletes or those competing in events endorsed or sanctioned by Disability Sports Australia
- 3.7 national referees, umpires and other officials involved in the regulation of the sport
- 3.8 members, including life members of Disability Sports Australia, and those eligible to apply for Disability Sports Australia Grants.
- 3.9 athletes, coaches, referees, classifiers, officials and other personnel participating in events and activities, including camps and training sessions, held or sanctioned by Disability Sports Australia
- 3.10 any other person including spectators, parents/guardians and sponsors, who or which agrees in writing (whether on a ticket, entry form or otherwise) to be bound by this Policy.

This Policy also applies to:

- 3.12 Member associations
- 3.13 Sports sub-committees.

Member organisations are required to adopt and implement this Policy and to provide proof to Disability Sports Australia of the approval of the Policy by the relevant board in accordance with its constitution. Member organisations must also undertake to ensure that affiliated Clubs and individual Members are bound by this Policy and are made aware of this Policy and what it says.

This Policy will continue to apply to a person even after he or she has stopped their association or employment with Disability Sports Australia, if disciplinary action against that person has begun.

4. Organisational responsibilities

Disability Sports Australia and its member and affiliated organisations must:

- 4.1 adopt, implement and comply with this Policy
- 4.2 ensure that the Constitution, By-laws or other rules and policies include the necessary Clauses for this Policy to be enforceable
- 4.3 publish, distribute and promote this Policy and the consequences of any breaches
- 4.4 promote and model appropriate standards of behaviour at all times
- 4.5 deal with any breaches or complaints made under this Policy in a sensitive, fair, timely and confidential manner
- 4.6 apply this Policy consistently
- 4.7 recognise and enforce any penalty imposed under this Policy
- 4.8 ensure that a copy of this Policy is available or accessible to all people and organisations to whom this Policy applies
- 4.9 use appropriately trained people to receive and manage complaints and allegations of inappropriate behavior [e.g. Member Protection Information Officers MPIOs]
- 4.10 monitor and review this Policy at least annually.

5. Individual responsibilities

Individuals bound by this Policy are responsible for:

- 5.1 making themselves aware of the Policy and complying with the codes of behaviour it sets
- 5.2 consenting to our screening requirements and any state/territory Working with Children Checks if the person holds or applies for a role that involves regular unsupervised contact with a child or young person under the age of 18
- 5.3 placing the safety and welfare of children above other considerations
- 5.4 being accountable for their behaviour
- 5.5 following the steps outlined in this Policy for making a complaint or reporting possible child abuse
- 5.6 complying with any decisions and/or disciplinary measures imposed under this Policy.

6. Position statements

6.1 Child protection

Disability Sports Australia is committed to the safety and well-being of all children and young people who participate in our sport or access our services. We support the rights of the child and will act at all times to ensure that a child-safe environment is maintained.

We acknowledge the valuable contribution made by our staff, members and volunteers and we encourage their active participation in providing a safe, fair and inclusive environment for all participants.

6.1.1 Identify and analyse risk of harm

We will develop and implement a risk management strategy, including a review of our existing child protection practices, to determine how child-safe our organisation is and to identify any additional steps we can take to minimise and prevent the risk of harm to children because of the actions of an employee, volunteer or another person.

6.1.2 Develop codes of behaviour

We will develop and promote a code of behaviour that sets out the conduct we expect of adults when they deal and interact with children involved in our sport, especially those in our care. We will also implement a code of behaviour to promote appropriate conduct between children.

These codes will clearly describe professional boundaries, ethical behaviour and unacceptable behavior. (Refer to the attachments in Part B of this Policy.)

6.1.3 Choose suitable employees and volunteers

We will take all reasonable steps to ensure that our organisation engages suitable and appropriate people to work with children, especially those in positions that involve regular unsupervised contact with children. This will include using a range of screening measures.

We will ensure that Working with Children Checks are conducted for all employees and volunteers who work with children, where an assessment is required by law. If a criminal history report is obtained as part of their screening process, we will handle this information confidentially and in accordance with the relevant legal requirements. (Refer to the attachments in Part C of this Policy.)

6.1.4 Support, train, supervise and enhance performance

We will ensure that all our employees and volunteers who work with children have ongoing supervision, support and training. Our goal is develop their skills and capacity and to enhance their performance so we can maintain a child-safe environment.

6.1.5 Empower and promote the participation of children

We will encourage children and young people to be involved in developing and maintaining a child-safe environment for our sport.

6.1.6 Report and respond appropriately to suspected abuse and neglect

We will ensure that all our employees and volunteers are able to identify and respond appropriately to children at risk of harm and that they are aware of their

responsibilities under state laws to make a report if they suspect on reasonable grounds that a child has been, or is being, abused or neglected. (Refer to the attachments in Part E of this Policy.)

Further, if any person believes that another person or organisation bound by this Policy is acting inappropriately towards a child, or is in breach of this Policy, he or she may make an internal complaint. (Refer to the attachments in Part D of this Policy.)

6.2 Taking images of children

Images of children can be used inappropriately or illegally. Disability Sports Australia requires that individuals and associations, wherever possible, obtain permission from a child's parent/guardian before taking an image of a child that is not their own. They should also make sure the parent/guardian understands how the image will be used.

To respect people's privacy, we do not allow camera phones, videos and cameras to be used inside changing areas, showers and toilets.

When using a photo of a child, we will not name or identify the child or publish personal information, such as residential address, email address or telephone number, without the consent of the parent/guardian. We will not provide information about a child's hobbies, interests, school or the like, as this can be used by paedophiles or other persons to "groom" a child.

We will only use images of children that are relevant to our sport and we will ensure that they are suitably clothed in a manner that promotes participation in the sport. We will seek permission from the parents/guardians of the children before using the images. We require our member associations and clubs to do likewise.

6.3 Anti-discrimination and harassment

Disability Sports Australia aims to provide an environment where all those involved in our activities and events are treated with respect.

We recognise that people cannot participate, enjoy themselves or perform at their best if they are treated unfairly, discriminated against or harassed.

We prohibit all forms of harassment, discrimination and bullying based on the personal characteristics listed in the "Definitions" set out in our Dictionary of Terms (Refer to Clause 10 for Dictionary of Terms). In most circumstances, this behaviour is against the law.

If any person feels they are being harassed or discriminated against by another person or organisation bound by this Policy, they may make an internal complaint. In some circumstances, they may also be able to make a complaint to an external organisation. (Refer to the attachments in Part D of this Policy.)

6.4 Sexual relationships

Disability Sports Australia takes the position that consensual sexual relationships between coaches or officials and the adult athletes they coach should be avoided as they can have harmful effects on the athlete involved, on other athletes and coaches and on the sport's public image.

These relationships can also be perceived to be exploitative due to the differences in authority, power, maturity, status, influence and dependence between the coach and the athlete.

If a sexual relationship exists between an athlete and a coach, Disability Sports Australia will consider whether disciplinary action is necessary. Factors that will be taken into account include the relative age and maturity of the athlete to the coach, the financial or emotional dependence of the athlete on the coach and the likelihood of the relationship having an adverse impact on the athlete and/or other athletes.

If we determine that the sexual relationship is inappropriate, action may be taken to stop the coaching relationship with the athlete. This could include a transfer, a request for resignation or dismissal from coaching duties.

If an athlete attempts to initiate an intimate sexual relationship with a coach, it is the coach's responsibility to discourage the approach and to explain why such a relationship is not appropriate.

The coach or athlete may wish to seek advice or support from the Member Protection Information Officer if they feel harassed. Our complaints procedure is outlined in Part D of this Policy.

6.5 Pregnancy

Pregnant women should be treated with respect and any unreasonable barriers to their full participation in our sport should be removed. We will not tolerate any discrimination or harassment against pregnant women.

Disability Sports Australia will take reasonable care to ensure the safety, health and well-being of pregnant women and their unborn children. We will advise pregnant women that there may be risks involved and encourage them to obtain medical advice about those risks. Pregnant women should be aware that their own health and well-being, and that of their unborn children, are of utmost importance in their decision-making about the extent they choose to participate in our sport.

We encourage all pregnant women to talk with their medical advisers, make themselves aware of the facts about pregnancy in sport and ensure that they make informed decisions about their participation in our sport. We will only require pregnant women to sign a disclaimer if all other participants are required to sign one in similar circumstances. We will not require women to undertake a pregnancy test.

If a pregnant woman feels she has been harassed or discriminated against by another person or organisation bound by this Policy, she may make a complaint. (Refer to the attachments in Part D of this Policy.)

6.6 Gender identity

Disability Sports Australia is committed to providing a safe, fair and inclusive sporting environment where people of all backgrounds can contribute and participate. People who identify as transgender or transsexual should be treated fairly and with dignity and respect at all times. This includes acting with sensitivity when a person is undergoing gender transition.

We will not tolerate any unlawful discrimination or harassment of a person who identifies as transgender or transsexual or who is thought to be transgender or transsexual. If a transgender or transsexual person feels he or she has been harassed or discriminated against by another person or organisation bound by this Policy, he or she may make a complaint. (Refer to the attachments in Part D of this Policy.)

Disability Sports Australia recognises that excluding transgender and transsexual people from participating in sporting events and activities has significant implications for their health, well-being and involvement in community life. In general, we will support their participation in our sport on the basis of the gender with which they identify.

We also recognise that there is debate over whether a male-to-female transgender person obtains any physical advantage over other female participants. This debate is reflected in the divergent discrimination laws across the country. If issues of performance advantage arise, we will seek advice on the application of those laws in the particular circumstances.

Disability Sports Australia is aware that the International Olympic Committee (IOC) has established criteria for selection and participation in the Olympic Games. Where a transgender person intends to compete at an elite level, we will encourage them to obtain advice about the IOC's criteria, which may differ from the position we have taken.

Drug testing procedures and prohibitions also apply to people who identify as transgender. A person receiving treatment involving a Prohibited Substance or Method, as described on the World Anti-Doping Agency's Prohibited List, should apply for a standard Therapeutic Use Exemption.

6.7 Responsible service and consumption of alcohol

Disability Sports Australia is committed to conducting sporting and social events in a manner that promotes the responsible service and consumption of alcohol. We also recommend that state associations and member clubs follow strict guidelines regarding the service and consumption of alcohol. Guidance is available at:

www.playbytherules.net.au/resources/club-toolkitt

In general, our Policy is that:

- alcohol should not be available or consumed at sporting events involving children and young people under the age of 18
- alcohol-free social events will be provided for young people and families
- food and low-alcohol and non-alcoholic drinks will be available at events we hold or endorse where alcohol is served
- a Board or staff member will be present at events we hold or endorse where alcohol is served to ensure appropriate practices are followed
- safe transport options will be promoted as part of any event we hold or endorse where alcohol is served.

6.8 Smoke-free environment

Disability Sports Australia recommends that the following policies be applied to all sporting and social events that we hold or endorse.

- No smoking shall occur at or near sporting events involving children and young people under the age of 18. This Policy shall apply to coaches, players, trainers, officials and volunteers.
- Social events shall be smoke-free, with smoking permitted at designated outdoor smoking areas.
- Coaches, officials, trainers, volunteers and players will refrain from smoking and remain smoke-free while they are involved in an official capacity in our sport, both on and off the field.

6.9 Cyber-bullying

Disability Sports Australia regards bullying and harassment in all forms as unacceptable in our sport. Bullying has the potential to cause great anxiety and distress to the person targeted by hurtful or derogatory comments or statements.

New technologies and communication tools, such as smart phones and social networking websites, have greatly increased the potential for people to be bullied though unwanted and inappropriate comments.

Disability Sports Australia will not tolerate abusive, discriminatory, intimidating or offensive statements being made online. In some cases, bullying is a criminal offence punishable.

Frustration at a referee, teammate, coach or sporting body should never be communicated on social networking websites. These issues should instead be addressed – in a written or verbal statement or a complaint – to the relevant controlling club, league or peak sporting body.

6.10 Social networking websites

Disability Sports Australia acknowledges the enormous value of social networking websites, such as Facebook and Twitter, to promote our sport and celebrate the achievements and success of the people involved in our sport.

We expect all people bound by this Policy to conduct themselves appropriately when using social networking sites to share information related to our sport. Further guidance is available at: www.playbytherules.net.au/resources/club-toolkit

Social media postings, blogs, status updates and tweets:

- must not use offensive, provocative or hateful language
- must not be misleading, false or injure the reputation of another person
- should respect and maintain the privacy of others
- should promote the sport in a positive way.

7. Complaints procedures

7.1 Handling complaints

Disability Sports Australia aims to provide a simple, confidential and trustworthy procedure for resolving complaints based on the principles of natural justice.

Any person (a complainant) may report a complaint about a person, people or organisation bound by this Policy (respondent) if they feel they have been harassed, bullied or discriminated against or there has been a breach of this Policy.

In the first instance, complaints should be reported to the Member Protection Information Office of Disability Sports Australia.

A list of Member Protection Information Officers can be obtained by contacting the Disability Sports Australia office on (02) 8116 9720 or email: info@sports.org.au

If a complaint relates to behaviour or an incident that occurred at the:

- state level, or involves people operating at the state level, then the complaint should be reported to and handled by the relevant state association in the first instance
- club level, or involves people operating at the club level, then the complaint should be reported to and handled by the relevant club in the first instance.

Only matters that relate to, or which occurred at, the national level, as well as serious cases referred from the state and club level, should be dealt with by the national body.

A complaint may be handled informally or formally. The complainant will usually indicate his or her preferred option unless the Member Protection Information Officer considers that the complaint falls outside this Policy and should be handled another way. For example, the law may require that the complaint/allegation be reported to an appropriate authority.

All complaints will be dealt with promptly, seriously, sensitively and confidentially. Our procedures for handling and resolving complaints are outlined in Attachment D1: Complaints Procedure.

Individuals and organisations may also seek to have their complaint handled by an external agency under anti-discrimination, child protection, criminal or other relevant legislation.

7.2 Improper complaints and victimisation

Disability Sports Australia aims to ensure that our complaints procedure has integrity and is free of unfair repercussions or victimisation against the person making the complaint.

We will take all necessary steps to make sure that people involved in a complaint are not victimised. Disciplinary measures can be imposed on anyone who harasses or victimises another person for making a complaint or supporting another person's complaint.

If at any point in the complaint handling process the Member Protection Information Officer considers that a complainant has knowingly made an untrue complaint, or the complaint is malicious or intended to cause distress to the respondent, the matter may be referred to the Chairperson for review and appropriate action, including possible disciplinary action against the complainant.

7.3 Mediation

Disability Sports Australia aims to resolve complaints quickly and fairly. Complaints may be resolved by agreement between the people involved with no need for disciplinary action.

Mediation is a confidential process that allows those involved in a complaint to discuss the issues or incident in question and come up with mutually agreed solutions. It may occur before or after the investigation of a complaint.

If a complainant wishes to resolve the complaint with the help of a mediator, the Member Protection Information Officer will, in consultation with the complainant, arrange for an independent mediator where possible. We will allow lawyers to negotiate on behalf of the complainant and/or the respondent.

More information on the mediation process is outlined in Attachment D2.

7.4 Tribunals

A Tribunal may be convened to hear a formal complaint:

- referred to it by the CEO or the Member Protection Information Officer
- referred to it or escalated by a state association
- because of the serious nature of the complaint, because it was unable to be resolved at the state level or because the Policy of the state association directs it to be
- for an alleged breach of this Policy.

Our Tribunal procedure is outlined in Attachment D4.

A respondent may only lodge an appeal to the Appeal Tribunal in respect of a Tribunal decision. The decision of the Appeal Tribunal is final and binding on the people involved. Our appeals process is outlined in Attachment D4.

Every organisation bound by this Policy will recognise and enforce any decision of a Tribunal or Appeal Tribunal under this Policy.

8. What is a breach of this Policy?

It is a breach of this Policy for any person or organisation bound by this Policy to do anything contrary to this Policy, including but not limited to:

- 8.1 breaching the codes of behaviour (Refer to Part B of this Policy)
- 8.2 bringing the sport and/or Disability Sports Australia into disrepute, or acting in a manner likely to bring the sport and/or Disability Sports Australia into disrepute
- 8.3 failing to follow Disability Sports Australia policies (including this Policy) and our procedures for the protection, safety and well-being of children
- 8.4 discriminating against, harassing or bullying (including cyber-bullying) any person
- 8.5 victimising another person for making or supporting a complaint
- 8.6 engaging in a sexually inappropriate relationship with a person that he or she supervises, or has influence, authority or power over
- 8.7 verbally or physically assaulting another person, intimidating another person or creating a hostile environment within the sport
- 8.8 disclosing to any unauthorised person or organisation any Disability Sports Australia information that is of a private, confidential or privileged nature
- 8.9 making a complaint that they know to be untrue, vexatious, malicious or improper
- 8.10 failing to comply with a penalty imposed after a finding that the individual or organisation has breached this Policy
- 8.11 failing to comply with a direction given to the individual or organisation as part of a disciplinary process.

9. Disciplinary measures

Disability Sports Australia may impose disciplinary measures on an individual or organisation for a breach of this Policy.

Any disciplinary measure imposed will be:

- fair and reasonable
- applied consistent with any contractual and employment rules and requirements
- be based on the evidence and information presented and the seriousness of the breach
- be determined in accordance with our Constitution, By-laws, this Policy and/or the rules of the sport.

9.1 Individual

Subject to contractual and employment requirements, if a finding is made by a Tribunal that an individual has breached this Policy, one or more of the following forms of discipline may be imposed.

- 9.1.1 a direction that the individual make a verbal and/or written apology
- 9.1.2 a written warning
- 9.1.3 a direction that the individual attend counselling to address their behaviour
- 9.1.4 a withdrawal of any awards, scholarships, placings, records, achievements bestowed in any tournaments, activities or events held or sanctioned by Disability Sports Australia
- 9.1.5 a demotion or transfer of the individual to another location, role or activity;
- 9.1.6 a suspension of the individual's membership or participation or engagement in a role or activity
- 9.1.7 termination of the individual's membership, appointment or engagement;
- 9.1.8 a recommendation that Disability Sports Australia terminate the individual's membership, appointment or engagement
- 9.1.9 in the case of a coach or official, a direction that the relevant organisation deregister the accreditation of the coach or official for a period of time or permanently
- 9.1.10 a fine
- 9.1.11 any other form of discipline that the tribunal considers appropriate.

9.2 Organisation

If a finding is made that a Disability Sports Australia member or affiliated organisation has breached its own or this Member Protection Policy, one or more of the following forms of discipline may be imposed by the Tribunal:

- 9.2.1 a written warning
- 9.2.2 a fine
- 9.2.3 a direction that any rights, privileges and benefits provided to that organisation by the national body or other peak association be suspended for a specified period
- 9.2.4 a direction that any funding granted or given to it by Disability Sports Australia cease from a specified date
- 9.2.5 a direction that Disability Sports Australia cease to sanction events held by or under the auspices of that organisation

- 9.2.6 A recommendation to Disability Sports Australia that its membership of the Disability Sports Australia be suspended or terminated in accordance with the relevant constitution or rules
- 9.2.7 Any other form of discipline that the national body or peak organisation considers reasonable and appropriate.

9.3 Factors to consider

The form of discipline to be imposed on an individual or organisation will depend on factors, such as:

- the nature and seriousness of the breach
- if the person knew, or should have known, that the behaviour was a breach of the Policy
- the person's level of contrition
- the effect of the proposed disciplinary measures on the person, including any personal, professional or financial consequences
- if there have been any relevant prior warnings or disciplinary action
- the ability to enforce disciplinary measures if the person is a parent or spectator (even if they are bound by the Policy)
- any other mitigating circumstances.

10. Dictionary of terms

This Dictionary sets out the meaning of words used in this Policy and its attachments, without limiting the ordinary and natural meaning of the words. Further detail or definitions that are specific to different states and territories can be sourced from the relevant child protection authorities or equal opportunity and anti-discrimination commissions.

Abuse is a form of harassment and includes physical abuse, emotional abuse, sexual abuse, neglect and abuse of power. Examples of abusive behaviour include bullying, humiliation, verbal abuse and insults.

Affiliated organisation means state member associations, other member associations, sports sub-committees or affiliated organisations, organisations with which DSA has a Memorandum of Understanding.

Child means a person who is under the age of 18.

Child abuse involves conduct which puts a child at risk of harm and may include:

- physical abuse by hurting a child or a child's development (e.g. hitting, shaking or other physical harm; giving a child alcohol or drugs; or training that exceeds the child's development or maturity)
- sexual abuse by adults or other children, where a child is encouraged or forced to
 watch or engage in sexual activity or where a child is subject to any other
 inappropriate conduct of a sexual nature (e.g. sexual intercourse, masturbation,
 oral sex, pornography, including child pornography, or inappropriate touching or
 conversations)
- emotional abuse by ill-treating a child (e.g. humiliation, taunting, sarcasm, yelling, negative criticism, name-calling, ignoring or placing unrealistic expectations on a child)
- neglect (e.g. failing to give a child food, water, shelter or clothing or to protect a child from danger or foreseeable risk of harm or injury).

Complaint means a complaint made under Clause 7 of this Policy

Complainant means the person making a complaint.

Complaint handler/manager means the person appointed under this Policy to investigate a complaint.

Discrimination occurs when someone is treated unfairly or less favourably than another person in the same or similar circumstances because of a particular personal characteristic. This is known as direct discrimination. Indirect discrimination occurs when a rule, Policy or practice disadvantages one group of people in comparison with others, even though it appears to treat all people the same.

In Australia, it is against the law to discriminate against someone because of their:

- age
- disability
- family/carer responsibilities
- gender identity/transgender status
- homosexuality and sexual orientation
- irrelevant medical record
- irrelevant criminal record
- political belief/activity
- pregnancy and breastfeeding
- race
- religious belief/activity
- sex or gender
- social origin
- trade union membership/activity

Some states and territories include additional protected characteristics, such as physical features or association with a person with one or more of the characteristics listed above.

Examples of discrimination are available on the Play by the Rules website: www.playbytherules.net.au/legal-stuff/discrimination

Some exceptions to state and federal anti-discrimination law apply, such as:

- holding a competitive sporting activity for boys and girls only who are under the age of 12, or of any age where strength, stamina or physique is relevant
- not selecting a participant if the person's disability means he or she is not reasonably capable of performing the actions reasonably required for that particular activity.

Harassment is any type of behaviour that the other person does not want and is likely to make the person feel intimidated, insulted or humiliated. Unlawful harassment can target a person because of their race, sex, pregnancy, marital status, sexual orientation or some other personal characteristic protected by law (see the list under "Discrimination").

Public acts of racial hatred which are reasonably likely to offend, insult, humiliate or intimidate are also prohibited. This applies to spectators, participants or any other person who engages in such an act in public. Some states and territories also prohibit public acts that vilify people on other grounds such as homosexuality, gender identity, HIV/AIDS, religion and disability (see also "Vilification").

Mediator means an impartial person appointed to help those people involved in a complaint to talk through the issues and resolve the matter on mutually agreeable terms.

Member Organisation means: Wheelchair Sports Australia (WSA), Cerebral Palsy Australia Sport and Recreation Federation (CPASRF), Disability Sport and Recreation (DSR), Disability Recreation and Sport South Australia (DRSSA), Sporting Wheelies and Disabled Association (SWDA), Disabled Sports Association NT (DSANT), Wheelchair Sports WA (WSWA), Wheelchair Sports NSW (WSNSW), ParaQuad Association of Tasmania (PQT), Cerebral Palsy Sporting and Recreation Association NSW (CPSARA) and any other Organisations that pay membership fees to Disability Sports Australia.

Member Protection Information Officer (MPIO) means a person trained to be the first point of contact for a person reporting a complaint under, or a breach of, this Policy. He or she provides impartial and confidential support to the person making the complaint.

Natural justice (or procedural fairness) requires that:

- both the complainant and the respondent must know the full details of what is being said against them and have the opportunity to respond
- all relevant submissions must be considered
- no person may judge their own case
- the decision-maker(s) must be unbiased, fair and just
- the penalties imposed must be fair.

Police Check means a national criminal history record check conducted as a pre-employment, pre-engagement or current employment background check on a person.

Policy, Policy and this Policy means this Member Protection Policy.

Respondent means the person whose behaviour is the subject of the complaint.

Role-specific codes of conduct (or behaviour) means standards of conduct required of people holding certain roles in our organisation (e.g. coaches, officials, umpires).

Sexual harassment means unwanted, unwelcome or uninvited behaviour of a sexual nature which could reasonably be anticipated to make a person feel humiliated, intimidated or offended. Sexual harassment can take many different forms and may include unwanted physical contact, verbal comments, jokes, propositions, displays of pornographic or offensive material or other behaviour that creates a sexually hostile environment.

Sexual harassment is not behaviour based on mutual attraction, friendship and respect. If the interaction is between consenting adults, it is not sexual harassment.

Sexual offence means a criminal offence involving sexual activity or acts of indecency.

Because of differences under state and territory laws, this can include but is not limited to:

- rape
- indecent assault
- sexual assault
- assault with intent to have sexual intercourse
- incest
- sexual penetration of child under the age of 16
- indecent act with child under the age of 16
- sexual relationship with child under the age of 16
- sexual offences against people with impaired mental functioning
- abduction and detention
- procuring sexual penetration by threats or fraud
- procuring sexual penetration of child under the age of 16
- bestiality
- soliciting acts of sexual penetration or indecent acts
- promoting or engaging in acts of child prostitution
- obtaining benefits from child prostitution
- possession of child pornography
- publishing child pornography and indecent articles.

Transgender is a general term applied to individuals and behaviours that differ from the gender role commonly, but not always, assigned at birth. It does not imply any specific form of sexual orientation.

Victimisation means subjecting a person, or threatening to subject a person, to any unfair treatment because that person has or intends to pursue their right to make any complaint, including a complaint under government legislation (e.g. anti-discrimination) or under this Policy, or for supporting another person to make complaint.

Vilification involves a person or an organisation doing public acts to incite hatred towards, serious contempt for, or severe ridicule of a person or group of people having any of the characteristics listed under the definition of "Discrimination".

PART B: CODES OF BEHAVIOUR

We seek to provide a safe, fair and inclusive environment for everyone involved in our organisation and in our sport.

To achieve this, we require certain standards of behavior of players/athletes, coaches, officials, administrators, parents/guardians (of child participants) and spectators.

Our codes of behaviour are underpinned by the following core values:

- To act within the rules and spirit of our sport.
- To display respect and courtesy towards everyone involved in our sport and prevent discrimination and harassment.
- To prioritise the safety and well-being of children and young people involved in our sport.
- To encourage and support opportunities for participation in all aspects of our sport.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment B1: General Code of Conduct

Attachment B2: Administrator Code of Conduct

Attachment B3: Coach Code of Conduct

Attachment B4: Official Code of Conduct

Attachment B5: Athlete Code of Conduct

Attachment B6: Classifier Code of Conduct

Attachment B7: Team Staff Code of Conduct

Attachment B8: Parent / Guardian Code of Conduct

Attachment B9: Spectator Code of Conduct

Attachment B1: GENERAL CODE OF CONDUCT

As a member of Disability Sports Australia (DSA), a member organisation or affiliated club, or another person required to comply with Disability Sports Australia's Member Protection Policy, you must meet the following requirements in regard to your involvement in any activity held or sanctioned by Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club.

- 1. Respect the rights, dignity and worth of others
- 2. Be fair, considerate and honest in all dealings with others
- 3. Be professional in and accept responsibility for your actions
- 4. Be aware of and abide by all Disability Sports Australia's Policies and Procedures
- 5. Be aware of and maintain an uncompromising adhesion to your sport's standards, rules, regulations and policies
- 6. Operate within the rules of your sport/s including national and international governing guidelines
- 7. Do not use your involvement to promote your own beliefs, behaviours or practices where these are inconsistent with those of Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club
- 8. Demonstrate a high degree of individual responsibility, especially when dealing with persons under 18 years of age, as your words and actions are an example
- 9. Avoid unaccompanied and unobserved activities with persons under 18 years of age, wherever possible
- 10. Refrain from any form of harassment of others
- 11. Refrain from any behaviour which may bring your sport, your team, Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club into disrepute
- 12. Ensure a safe environment for the conduct of all activities
- 13. Show concern and caution towards others who may be sick or injured
- 14. Be a positive role model
- 15. Maintain the confidentiality of any information you may come across in the course of your involvement with Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club.
- 16. Understand the repercussions if you breach or are aware of any breaches of this Code of Conduct

Attachment B2: ADMINISTRATOR CODE OF CONDUCT

In addition to Disability Sports Australia's General Code of Conduct (Appendix B1), you must also meet the following in regard to your conduct during any activity held by or under the auspices of Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club and in your role as an administrator:

- 1. Resolve any conflicts fairly and promptly through established procedure
- 2. Maintain strict impartiality
- 3. Be aware of your legal responsibilities

Attachment B3: COACH CODE OF CONDUCT

In addition to Disability Sports Australia's General Code of Conduct (Appendix B1), you must also meet the following in regard to your conduct during any activity held by or under the auspices of Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club and in your role as a coach appointed by Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club:

- 1. Do not tolerate acts of aggression
- 2. Provide feedback to athletes and other participants in a manner sensitive to their needs. Avoid overly negative feedback
- 3. Be reasonable in my demands of athletes and other team staff
- 4. Be consistent, objective and courteous when making decisions
- 5. Recognise athletes' rights to consult with other coaches and advisors. Co-operate fully with other specialists (e.g. sports scientists, doctors, physiotherapists etc)
- 6. Treat all athletes fairly within the context of their sporting activities, regardless of gender, race, place of origin, athletic potential, colour, sexual orientation, religion, political beliefs, socio-economic status and other conditions
- 7. Encourage and facilitate athletes' independence and responsibility for their own behaviour, performance, decisions and actions
- 8. Involve the athletes in decisions that affect them
- 9. Encourage athletes to respect one another and to expect respect for their worth as individuals regardless of their level of play
- 10. Ensure that the tasks and/or training set are suitable for the age, experience, ability and physical and psychological conditions of the athletes
- 11. Ensure any physical contact with athletes is appropriate to the situation and necessary for the athlete's skill development
- 12. Be acutely aware of the power that you as a coach develop with your athletes in the coaching relationship and avoid any sexual intimacy with athletes that could develop as a result
- 13. Avoid any situations with your athletes that could be construed as compromising
- 14. Actively discourage the use of performance enhancing drugs and the use of alcohol, tobacco and illegal substances
- 15. Refrain from using offensive or abusive language
- 16. Do not exploit any coaching relationship to further personal, political or business interests at the expense of the best interests of your athletes
- 17. Accept and respect the role of officials in ensuring that competitions are conducted fairly and according to established rules
- 18. Condemn unsporting behaviour
- 19. Know and abide by rules, regulations and standards, and encourage athletes to do likewise. Accept both the letter and spirit of the rules
- 20. At all times when traveling to and from and whilst participating in a sporting or social event, dress in team uniform or other attire appropriate to the occasion
- 21. Be honest and ensure that qualifications are not mis-represented.

Attachment B4: OFFICIAL CODE OF CONDUCT

In addition to Disability Sports Australia's General Code of Conduct (Appendix B1), you must also meet the following in regard to your conduct during any activity held by or under the auspices of Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club and in your role as an official appointed by Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club:

- 1. Place the safety and welfare of the athletes/participants above all else
- 2. Be acutely aware of the power that you as an official may have with coaches and athletes, and avoid any sexual intimacy that could develop as a result
- 3. Accept responsibility for all actions taken
- 4. Be impartial in all dealings
- 5. Avoid any situation which may lead to conflict of interest or a compromising position with other officials, coaches or athletes
- 6. Be courteous, respectful and open to discussion and interaction
- 7. Value the individual in the sport
- 8. Know and abide by current rules, regulations and standards. Enforce both the letter and spirit of the rules
- 9. Be honest and ensure that qualifications are not mis-represented

Attachment B5: ATHLETE CODE OF CONDUCT

In addition to Disability Sports Australia's General Code of Conduct (Appendix B1), you must also meet the following in regard to your conduct during any activity held by or under the auspices of Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club and in your role as an athlete/participant in such activities:

- 1. Respect the rights, dignity and worth of fellow athletes, team staff, officials and spectators
- 2. Do not tolerate acts of aggression
- 3. Respect the talent, potential and development of fellow athletes and competitors
- 4. Care for and respect the equipment provided to you as part of your program
- 5. Be frank and honest with your coach concerning illness and injury and your ability to train fully within the program requirements
- 6. At all times avoid intimate relationships with your coach
- 7. Conduct yourself in a professional manner relating to language, temper and punctuality
- 8. Maintain high personal behaviour standards at all times
- 9. Abide by the rules and respect the decisions of the officials, making any appeals through the formal processes and respecting the final decision
- 10. Be honest in your attitude and preparation to training. Work equally hard for yourself and your team
- 11. Co-operate with coaches and staff in the development of programs to adequately prepare you for competition at the highest level
- 12. Take advantage of any opportunities to have input to the team and/or program
- 13. Treat all athletes fairly within the context of their sporting activities, regardless of gender, race, place of origin, athletic potential, colour, sexual orientation, religion, political beliefs, socio-economic status and other conditions
- 14. Never use performance enhancing drugs and avoid the use of alcohol, tobacco and illegal substances and actively encourage other athletes to do the same
- 15. Refrain from using offensive or abusive language
- 16. Condemn unsporting behaviour
- 17. Know and abide by rules, regulations and standards, and encourage team-mates to do likewise. Accept both the letter and spirit of the rules
- 18. At all times when traveling to and from and whilst participating in a sporting or social event, dress in team uniform or other attire appropriate to the occasion.

Attachment B6: CLASSIFIER CODE OF CONDUCT

In addition to Disability Sports Australia's General Code of Conduct (Appendix B1), you must also meet the following in regard to your conduct during any activity held by or under the auspices of Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club and in your role as a classifier appointed by Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club:

- 1. Respect the rights, dignity and worth of all athletes
- 2. Explain all testing in a clear and comprehensive manner
- 3. Explain all results and decisions in a clear and comprehensive manner, checking the athlete's understanding of these decisions
- 4. Be courteous, respectful and open to discussion and interaction with an athlete or their designated representative (e.g. parent, team staff member etc)
- 5. At all times conduct yourself in a professional manner
- 6. Be fair and impartial in dealings with all athletes
- 7. Accept responsibility for all actions
- 8. Adhere to the IPC Classifier Code of Conduct (2007) which can be found at:

http://www.paralympic.org/sites/default/files/document/120201084329386_2008_2_Classification_Code6.pdf

Attachment B7: TEAM STAFF CODE OF CONDUCT

In addition to Disability Sports Australia's General Code of Conduct (Appendix B1), you must also meet the following in regard to your conduct during any activity held by or under the auspices of Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club and in your role as a member of team staff appointed by Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club:

- 1. Respect the rights, dignity and worth of all athletes, team staff, officials and spectators
- 2. Do not tolerate acts of aggression
- 3. Conduct yourself in a professional manner relating to language, temper and punctuality
- 4. Maintain high personal behaviour at all times
- 5. Co-operate with athletes and other staff in the development of programs to adequately prepare athletes for competition at the highest level
- 6. Treat all athletes fairly within the context of their sporting activities, regardless of gender, race, place of origin, athletic potential, colour, sexual orientation, religion, political beliefs, socio-economic status and other conditions
- 7. Encourage and facilitate athletes' independence and responsibility for their own behaviour, decisions, performance and actions
- 8. Encourage all team members to respect one another and to expect respect for their worth as an individual
- 9. Avoid situations with team members that may be construed as compromising
- 10. Actively discourage the use of performance enhancing drugs and the use of alcohol, tobacco and illegal substances
- 11. Ensure any physical contact with athletes is appropriate to the situation
- 12. Refrain from using offensive or abusive language
- 13. Condemn unsporting behaviour
- 14. At all times act in the best interests of the athletes and/or team
- 15. At all times when traveling to and from and whilst participating in a sporting or social event, dress in team uniform or other attire appropriate to the occasion

Attachment B8: PARENT/GUARDIAN CODE OF CONDUCT

In addition to Disability Sports Australia's General Code of Conduct (Appendix B1), as a parent/guardian of an athlete/participant in any activity held by or under the auspices of Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club, you must meet the following requirements in regard to your conduct:

- 1. Respect the rights, dignity and worth of others
- 2. Remember that your child participates in sport for their own enjoyment, not yours
- 3. Focus on your child's efforts and performance rather than winning or losing
- 4. Never ridicule or yell at your child or other children for making a mistake or losing a competition
- 5. Show appreciation for good performance and skilful plays by all players (including opposing players)
- 6. Demonstrate a high degree of individual responsibility especially when dealing with or in the vicinity of persons under 18 years of age, as your words and actions are an example
- 7. Respect officials' decisions and teach children to do likewise
- 8. Do not physically or verbally abuse or harass anyone associated with the sport (player, coach, official, spectators etc)
- 9. Respect the rights, dignity and worth of every young person regardless of their gender, ability, cultural background or religion
- 10. Be a positive role model

Attachment B9: SPECTATOR CODE OF CONDUCT

In addition to Disability Sports Australia's General Code of Conduct (Appendix B1), as a spectator of any activity held by or under the auspices of Disability Sports Australia, a member organisation or affiliated club, you must meet the following requirements in regards to your conduct during any such activity:

- 1. Respect the decisions of officials and teach young people to do the same
- 2. Never ridicule or scold an athlete for making a mistake. Positive comments are motivational
- 3. Condemn the use of violence in any form, whether it is by other spectators, coaches, officials or players
- 4. Show respect for your team's opponents. Without them there would be no game
- 5. Do not use violence, harassment or abuse in any form (including foul language, sledging of players, coaches, officials or other spectators)
- 6. Respect the rights, dignity and worth of every person regardless of their gender, ability, cultural background or religion

PART C: EMPLOYMENT SCREENING / WORKING WITH CHILDREN CHECK REQUIREMENTS

We are committed to providing a child-safe environment. As part of this, we will recruit staff and volunteers who do not pose a risk to children.

Employment screening and Working with Children Checks can involve criminal history checks, signed declarations, referee checks and other appropriate checks that assess a person's suitability to work with children and young people.

Working with Children Check laws are currently in place in New South Wales, Queensland, Western Australia, Victoria, the Northern Territory and South Australia.

Disability Sports Australia, including our state associations and clubs, will meet the requirements of the relevant state or territory Working with Children Check laws.

Employment screening requirements will also be followed in the Australian Capital Territory and Tasmania.

Individuals travelling with children and young people to another state or territory in a work-related capacity must comply with the screening requirements of that particular state or territory.

ATTACHMENTS

• Attachment C1: Screening requirements (Australian Capital Territory and Tasmania)

Attachment C2: Member Protection Declaration

Attachment C3: Working with Children Check requirements

Attachment C1: EMPLOYMENT SCREENING REQUIREMENTS

For Tasmania only: all other states/territories refer to C3

This attachment explains the process we will use to screen the people associated with our organisation who work, coach or have regular unsupervised contact with children and young people under the age of 18. We require our state associations and clubs to do the same.

- 1. We will identify all positions where people work, coach or have regular unsupervised contact with children and young people under the age of 18.
- 2. Before a person is offered such a position, we will ask him or her to complete a Member Protection Declaration ("MPD") (see *Attachment C2*).
- 3. If a person is unable to provide a MPD, or if he or she cannot satisfactorily answer the questions in the MPD, we will ask for an explanation. We will then make an assessment about the person's suitability to work with children and young people. If we are not fully satisfied, we will not appoint him or her to the position.
- 4. Where possible, we will check a person's referees (verbal or written) about his or her suitability for the position.
- 5. We will ask each person to sign a consent form for a national police check and explain why our policy requires a check to be undertaken.
- 6. If a person does not agree to a national police check, we will make an assessment about his or her suitability to work with children and young people.
- 7. If the national police check indicates that a "relevant offence" has been recorded, we will ask the person to provide an explanation. We will then make an assessment about the person's suitability to work with children and young people. If we are not fully satisfied, we will not appoint him or her to the position.
- 8. If it is not practical to complete the national police check prior to the person starting in the position, we will complete the check as soon as possible. We will act immediately if the results of the check highlight any issues of concern.
- 9. We will protect the privacy of each person who undertakes the screening process and keep all information we obtain strictly confidential.
- 10. We will return all the information collected as part of the screening process (e.g. completed MPD forms, national police checks and referee reports) to the relevant person if he or she is not appointed to the position. Alternatively, all records will be destroyed within 28 days of the date of the decision or the expiry of any appeal period unless, within that time, the person requests the documents to be returned to him or her. The records of all people appointed to our organisation will be kept on file in a secure location.

Attachment C2: MEMBER PROTECTION DECLARATION

Disability Sports Australia has a duty of care to all those associated with our organisation and our sport. It is a requirement of our national Member Protection Policy that Disability Sports Australia checks the background of each person who works, coaches or has regular unsupervised contact with children and young people under the age of 18.

1	(name) of			
	(address) born/			
since	erely declare:			
1.	I do not have any criminal charge pending before the courts.			
2.	I do not have any criminal convictions or findings of guilt for sexual offences, offences related to children, or acts of violence			
3.	I have not had any disciplinary proceedings brought against me by an employer, sporting organisation or similar body involving child abuse, sexual misconduct or harassment, other forms of harassment or acts of violence			
4.	I am not currently serving a sanction for an anti-doping rule violation under an Australian Sports Anti-Doping Authority (ASADA) approved anti-doping Policy applicable to me.			
5.	I will not participate in, facilitate or encourage any practice prohibited by the World Anti- Doping Agency Code or any other ASADA approved anti-doping Policy applicable to me.			
6.	To my knowledge, there is no other matter that Disability Sports Australia may consider to constitute a risk to its members, employees, volunteers, athletes or reputation by engaging me.			
7.	I will notify the CEO of the organisation/s engaging me immediately upon becoming aware that any matter set out above has changed.			
	ared in the state/territory of			
Con	sent of parent/guardian (on behalf of a person under the age of 18)			
I hav	ve read and understood the declaration provided by my child. I confirm and warrant that the contents of the declaration provided by my child are true and correct in every particular.			
Nam	ne:			
Sign	ature:			
Date	:			

Attachment C3: WORKING WITH CHILDREN CHILD PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS

Working with Children Checks aim to create a child-safe environment and to protect children and young people involved in our sport from physical and sexual harm.

They assess the suitability of people to work with children and young people and can involve:

- · criminal history checks
- · signed declarations
- · referee checks, and
- other relevant background checks to assess a person's suitability to work with children and young people.

Working with Children Check requirements vary across Australia. <u>Fact Sheets</u> for each state and territory are available on the Play by the Rules website: <u>www.playbytherules.net</u>.

Detailed information, including the forms required to complete a Working with Children Check, are available from the relevant agencies in each state and territory.

Australian Capital Territory

Contact the Office of Regulatory Services

Website: www.ors.act.gov.au/community/working_with_vulnerable_people

Phone: 02 6207 3000

New South Wales

Contact the Commission for Children and Young People

Website: www.kids.nsw.gov.au

Phone: 02 9286 7276

Northern Territory

Contact the Northern Territory Screening Authority Website: www.workingwithchildren.nt.gov.au

Phone: 1800 SAFE NT (1800 723 368)

Queensland

Contact the Commission for Children and Young People and Child Guardian about the "Blue Card" system.

Website: www.ccypcg.qld.gov.au

Phone: 1800 113 611

South Australia

Contact the Department for Education and Child Development

Website: www.families.sa.gov.au/childsafe

Phone: 08 8463 6468.

Victoria

Contact the Department of Justice

Website: www.justice.vic.gov.au/workingwithchildren

Phone: 1300 652 879

Western Australia

Contact the Department for Child Protection

Website: www.checkwwc.wa.gov.au

Phone: 1800 883 979

Travelling to other states or territories

It is important to remember that when travelling to other states or territories, representatives of sporting organisations must comply with the legislative requirements of that particular state or territory.

In October 2011 at the Standing Council on Community, Housing and Disability Services, Commonwealth, state and territory ministers agreed to introduce, by late 2012, national exemptions to Working with Children Checks for paid employees and volunteers who are required to cross state or territory borders for work related purposes.

These exemptions will be for up to 30 days in any 12 month period and will enable workers to participate in national and inter-jurisdictional activities on a short-term basis. This means that volunteers and workers with a valid check in their home state or territory will be able to participate in short-term activities across state and territory borders without the need for additional checks.

The Australian Sports Commission will provide more information as soon as it becomes available.

PART D: COMPLAINT HANDLING PROCEDURES

We will deal with all complaints in a fair, timely and transparent manner. All complaints will be treated seriously.

We will provide individuals with an informal and informal process to resolve the matter, along with access to an external complaint handling body, based on their preferences and the nature of the complaint.

We also provide an appeals process for those matters where it is required.

We will maintain confidentiality as far as possible and ensure that no one is victimised for making, supporting or providing information about a complaint.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment D1: Complaints procedure

Attachment D2: Mediation

Attachment D3: Investigation procedureAttachment D4: Tribunal procedure

Attachment D1: COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE

All complaints will be kept confidential and will not be disclosed to another person without the complainant's consent except if law requires disclosure or if disclosure is necessary to effectively deal with the complaint.

Individuals and organisations may also pursue their complaint externally under anti-discrimination, child protection or other relevant legislation.

If you wish to remain anonymous, Disability Sports Australia may have difficulty assisting you to resolve your complaint. Procedural fairness (natural justice) means that Disability Sports Australia is required to provide the person/people you have complained about with full details of the complaint so they have a fair chance to respond.

INFORMAL APPROACHES

Step 1: Talk with the other person (where this is reasonable and appropriate) In the first instance, you (the Complainant) should try to sort out the problem with the person or people involved (respondent) if you feel able to do so.

Step 2: Contact a Member Protection Information Officer

Talk with one of our Member Protection Information Officers (MPIOs) if:

- the first step is not possible/reasonable
- you are not sure how to handle the problem by yourself
- you want to talk confidentially about the problem with someone and obtain more information about what you can do; or
- the problem continues after you tried to approach the person or people involved.

A list of our sports' Member Protection Information Officers can be obtained by contacting our office on (02) 8116 9720 or sending an email to info@sports.org.au

The MPIO will:

- take confidential notes about your complaint
- try to find out the facts of the problem
- ask what outcome/how you want the problem resolved and if you need support
- provide possible options for you to resolve the problem
- act as a support person if you so wish
- refer you to an appropriate person (e.g. Mediator) to help you resolve the problem,
 if necessary
- inform the relevant government authorities and/or police if required by law to do so;
- maintain confidentiality.

Step 3: Outcomes from initial contact

After talking with the MPIO you may decide:

- there is no problem;
- the problem is minor and you do not wish to take the matter forward:
- to try and work out your own resolution (with or without a support person such as a MPIO); or
- to seek a mediated resolution with the help of a third person (such as a mediator); or
- to seek a formal approach.

FORMAL APPROACHES

Step 4: Making a Formal complaint

If your complaint is not resolved or informal approaches are not appropriate or possible, you may:

- make a formal complaint in writing to the CEO or Board Chair; or
- approach a relevant external agency such as an anti-discrimination commission, for advice.

On receiving a formal complaint and based on the material you have provided, the CEO or Board Chair will decide whether:

- they are the most appropriate person to receive and handle the complaint;
- the nature and seriousness of the complaint warrants a formal resolution procedure;
- to refer the complaint to mediation;
- to appoint a person to **investigate** (gather more information on) the complaint;
- to refer the complaint to a hearings tribunal;
- to refer the matter to the police or other appropriate authority; and/or
- to implement any interim arrangements that will apply until the complaint process set out in these Procedures is completed.

In making the decision(s) outlined above, the CEO or Board Chair will take into account:

- whether they have had any personal involvement in the circumstances which means that someone else should handle the complaint;
- your wishes, and the wishes of the respondent, regarding the manner in which the complaint should be handled;
- the relationship between you and the respondent (for example an actual or perceived power imbalance between you and the respondent);
- whether the facts of the complaint are in dispute; and
- the urgency of the complaint, including the possibility that you will be subject to further unacceptable behaviour while the complaint process is underway.

If CEO or Board Chair is the appropriate person to handle the complaint they will, to the extent that these steps are necessary:

- put the information they've received from you to the person/people you're complaining about and ask them to provide their side of the story;
- decide if they have enough information to determine whether the matter alleged in your complaint did or didn't happen; and/or
- determine what, if any, further action to take. This action may include disciplinary action in accordance with this Policy.

Step 5: Investigation of the complaint

- A person appointed under Step 3 will conduct an investigation and provide a written report to CEO or Board Chair who will determine what further action to take;
- If the complaint is referred to mediation, it will be conducted in accordance with Attachment D2 or as otherwise agreed by you and the respondent and the mediation provider;
- If the complaint is referred to a hearings tribunal, the hearing will be conducted in accordance with Attachment D5;

- If the complaint is referred to the police or other appropriate authority, Disability Sports Australia will use its best endeavours to provide all reasonable assistance required by the police or other authority.
- It must be made clear to all parties that the investigator is not seeking to resolve
 the matter, nor to decide whether any breach of this Policy has occurred, nor to
 impose any penalty. Any decision about Policy breach must be referred to an
 independent tribunal, and wherever possible, mediations should be conducted by
 an independent mediator.

Any costs relating to the complaint process set out in this Policy (e.g. investigation and/or mediation and/or hearings tribunal) are to be met by Disability Sports Australia unless otherwise stated in the relevant Attachment.

Step 6: Reconsideration of initial outcome/investigation or appeal

If, under the formal complaint process, mediation is unsuccessful, you may request that the CEO or Board Chair reconsider the complaint in accordance with Step 3. You or the respondent(s) may be entitled to appeal. The grounds and process for appeals under this Policy are set out in Attachment D5.

Step 7: Documenting the resolution

The CEO will document the complaint, the process and the outcome. This document will be stored in a confidential and secure place. If the complaint was dealt with at a state/district level, the information will be stored in the state organisation office. If the matter is of a serious nature, or if the matter was escalated to and/or dealt with at the national level, the original document will be stored at the national office with a copy stored at the state office.

EXTERNAL APPROACHES

There are a range of other options available depending on the nature of your complaint. If you feel that you have been harassed or discriminated against, you can seek advice from your State or Territory anti-discrimination commission without being obliged to make a formal complaint. If the commission advises you that the problem appears to be harassment within its jurisdiction, you may lodge a formal complaint with the commission.

Once a complaint is received by an anti-discrimination commission, it will investigate. If it appears that unlawful harassment or discrimination has occurred, the commission will conciliate the complaint confidentially. If this fails, or is inappropriate, the complaint may go to a formal hearing where a finding will be made. The tribunal will decide upon what action, if any, will be taken. This could include financial compensation for such things as distress, lost earnings or medical and counseling expenses incurred.

If you do lodge a complaint under anti-discrimination law, you may use an appropriate person (e.g. an MPIO) as a support person throughout the process. It is also common to have a legal representative, particularly at the hearing stage of a complaint. You could also approach another external agency such as the police.

Attachment D2: MEDIATION

Mediation is a process that allows the people involved in a complaint to talk through the issues with an impartial person – the mediator – and work out a mutually agreeable solution.

The mediator does not decide who is right or wrong and does not tell either side what they must do. Instead, he or she helps those involved to talk through the issues and makes sure that the process is as fair as possible for all concerned.

Our approach to mediation follows the steps set out below.

- 1. The Member Protection Information Officer (MPIO) or other designated official appointed by Disability Sports Australia will appoint a mediator to help resolve the complaint. This will be done under the direction of Disability Sports Australia and in consultation with the complainant and the respondent(s).
- 2. The mediator will talk with the complainant and respondent(s) about how the mediation will take place and who will participate. At a minimum, the mediator will prepare an agenda of issues to be discussed.
- 3. All issues raised during mediation will be treated confidentially. We also respect the rights of the complainant and the respondent(s) to pursue an alternative process if the complaint is not resolved.
- 4. If the complaint is resolved by mediation, the mediator will prepare a document that sets out the agreement that has been reached. This agreement will be signed by the complainant and the respondent(s). We expect the parties involved to respect the terms of the agreement.
- 5. If the complaint is not resolved by mediation, the complainant may:
 - write to the CEO or Board Chair to request that the CEO or Board Chair reconsider the complaint in accordance with Step 3
 - approach an external agency, such as an anti-discrimination or equal opportunity commission, to resolve the matter.

We recognise that there are some **situations where mediation will not be appropriate**, including:

- when the people involved have completely different versions of the incident
- when one or both parties are unwilling to attempt mediation
- when the issues raised are sensitive in nature
- when there is a real or perceived power imbalance between the people involved
- matters that involve serious, proven allegations.

Attachment D3: INVESTIGATION PROCEDURE

There will be times when a complaint will need to be investigated and evidence gathered.

An investigation helps determine the facts relating to the incident, as well as possible findings and recommendations.

Any investigation that we conduct will be fair to all people involved.

If we decide that a complaint should be investigated, we will follow the steps outlined below.

- 1. We will provide a written brief to the investigator that sets out the terms of engagement and his or her roles and responsibilities. The investigator will:
 - interview the complainant and record the interview in writing
 - provide full details of the complaint to the respondent(s) so that they can respond
 - interview the respondent(s) to allow them to answer the complaint and record the interview in writing
 - obtain statements from witnesses and collect other relevant evidence, if there is a dispute over the facts
 - make a finding as to whether the complaint is:
 - substantiated (there is sufficient evidence to support the complaint)
 - **inconclusive** (there is insufficient evidence either way)
 - unsubstantiated (there is sufficient evidence to show that the complaint is unfounded)
 - mischievous, vexatious or knowingly untrue.
 - provide a report to the CEO or Board Chair documenting the complaint, the investigation process, the evidence, the finding(s) and, if requested, any recommendations.
- 2. We will provide a report to the complainant and the respondent(s) documenting the complaint, the investigation process and summarising key points that are substantiated, inconclusive, unsubstantiated and/or mischievous.
- 3. The complainant and the respondent(s) will be entitled to support throughout this process from their chosen support person or adviser (MPIO or other person).
- 4. The complainant and the respondent(s) may have the right to appeal any decision based on the investigation. Information on our appeals process is in this document.

Attachment D4: TRIBUNAL PROCEDURE

We will follow the steps set out below to hear formal complaints made under our Member Protection Policy.

Preparing for a Tribunal hearing

- 1. A Tribunal panel will be established, according to the rules set out in our Constitution, to hear a complaint that has been referred to it by the Board or CEO. The number of Tribunal panel members required to be present throughout the hearing will be three (3).
- 2. The Tribunal panel members will be provided with a copy of all the relevant correspondence, reports or information received and sent the Board or CEO relating to the complaint/allegations.
- 3. The Tribunal hearing will be held as soon as practicable. However, adequate time must be provided for the respondent(s) to prepare for the hearing.
- 4. The Tribunal panel will not include any person who has any actual or perceived conflict of interest or bias regarding the complaint/allegations.
- 5. The CEO will inform the respondent(s) in writing that a Tribunal hearing will take place. The notice will outline:
 - that the person has a right to appear at the Tribunal hearing to defend the complaint/allegations
 - the details of the complaint and of all allegations, as well as the Clause of any Policy or rule that has allegedly been breached
 - the date, time and venue of the Tribunal hearing
 - that either verbal or written submissions can be presented at the Tribunal hearing
 - that witnesses may attend the Tribunal hearing to support the position of the respondent/s (statutory declarations of witnesses not available to attend and from character witnesses may also be provided to the Tribunal hearing)
 - an outline of any possible penalties that may be imposed if the complaint is found to be true
 - that legal representation will not be allowed. If the respondent is a minor, he or she should have a parent or guardian present.

A copy of any information/documents that have been given to the Tribunal panel (e.g. investigation report findings) will be provided to the respondent(s).

The respondent(s) will be allowed to participate in all DSA activities and events, pending the decision of the Tribunal, including any available appeal process, unless the CEO or Board believes it is necessary to exclude the respondent/s from all or some activities and events because of the nature of the complaint.

- 6. The CEO will notify the complainant in writing that a Tribunal hearing will take place. The notice will outline:
 - that the person has a right to appear at the Tribunal hearing to support their complaint
 - the details of the complaint, including any relevant rules or regulations the respondent is accused of breaching
 - the date, time and venue of the Tribunal hearing
 - that either verbal or written submissions can be presented at the Tribunal hearing
 - that witnesses may attend the Tribunal hearing to support the complainant's position (statutory declarations of witnesses not available to attend may also be provided to the Tribunal Hearing)

• that legal representation will not be allowed. If the complainant is a minor, he or she should have a parent or quardian present.

A copy of any information / documents given to the Tribunal (e.g. investigation report findings) will be provided to the complainant.

- 7. If the complainant believes the details of the complaint are incorrect or insufficient, he or she should inform the CEO as soon as possible so that the respondent(s) and members of the Tribunal panel can be properly informed of the complaint.
- 8. If possible, the Tribunal panel should include at least one person with knowledge or experience of the relevant laws/rules (e.g. anti-discrimination).

Tribunal hearing procedure

- 9. The following people will be allowed to attend the Tribunal hearing:
 - tribunal panel members
 - the respondent(s)
 - the complainant
 - any witnesses called by the respondent(s)
 - any witnesses called by the complainant
 - any parent/guardian or support person required to support the respondent or the complainant.
- 10. If the respondent(s) is not present at the set hearing time and the Tribunal chairperson considers that no valid reason has been presented for this absence, the Tribunal hearing will continue subject to the chairperson being satisfied that all Tribunal notification requirements have been met.
- 11. If the Tribunal chairperson considers that there is a valid reason for the non-attendance of the respondent(s), or the chairperson does not believe the Tribunal notification requirements have been met, then the Tribunal hearing will be rescheduled to a later date.
- 12. The Tribunal chairperson will inform the CEO of the need to reschedule the hearing and the CEO will arrange for the Tribunal to be reconvened.
- 13. The Tribunal chairperson will read out the complaint, ask each respondent if he or she understands the complaint and if he or she agrees or disagrees with the complaint.
- 14. If the respondent agrees with the complaint, he or she will be asked to provide any evidence or witnesses that should be considered by the Tribunal when determining any disciplinary measures or penalties. Ensure the Tribunal has the necessary power under your Constitution to impose disciplinary measures.
- 15. If the respondent disagrees with the complaint, the complainant will be asked to describe the circumstances that lead to the complaint being made.
 - Reference may be made to brief notes.
 - The complainant may call witnesses.
 - The respondent may question the complainant and any witnesses.
- 16. The respondent will then be asked to respond to the complaint.
 - Reference may be made to brief notes.
 - The respondent may call witnesses.
 - The complainant may ask questions of the respondent and any witnesses.
- 17. The complainant and respondent(s) may be present when evidence is presented to the Tribunal hearing. Witnesses may be asked to wait outside the hearing until they are required.

- 18. The Tribunal may:
 - consider any evidence, and in any form, that it deems relevant
 - question any person giving evidence
 - limit the number of witnesses presented to those who provide new evidence
 - require (to the extent it has power to do so) the attendance of any witness it deems relevant
 - act in an inquisitorial manner in order to establish the truth of the issue/complaint before it.
- 19. Video evidence, if available, may be presented. Arrangements must be made entirely by the person(s) wishing to offer this type of evidence.
- 20. If the Tribunal panel considers that at any time during the hearing there is any unreasonable or intimidatory behaviour from anyone, the Tribunal chairperson may deny further involvement of that person in the hearing.
- 21. After all the evidence has been presented, the Tribunal will make its decision in private. It must decide whether the complaint has, on the balance of probabilities, been substantiated. As the seriousness of the allegation increases, so too must the level of satisfaction of the Tribunal that the complaint has been substantiated. The respondent(s) have the opportunity to address the Tribunal on disciplinary measures which may be imposed. Any disciplinary measures imposed must be reasonable in the circumstances.
- 22. All Tribunal decisions will be by majority vote.
- 23. The Tribunal chairperson will announce the decision in the presence of all those involved in the hearing and will declare the hearing closed. Alternatively, he or she may advise those present that the decision is reserved and will be handed down in written form at a later time.
- 24. Within 48 hours, the Tribunal chairperson will:
 - forward a notice of the Tribunal's decision to the CEO including any disciplinary measures imposed.
 - forward a letter reconfirming the Tribunal's decision to the respondent(s), including
 any disciplinary measures imposed. The letter should also outline the process and
 grounds for an appeal, if allowed. If matter is especially complex or important, the
 Tribunal chairperson may inform the parties in writing within 48 hours that the
 decision will be delayed for a further 48 hours.
- 25. The Tribunal does not need to provide written reasons for its decision.

Appeals procedure

- 26. If a complainant or a respondent(s) is not satisfied with the outcome of a mediation process or a Tribunal decision, he or she can lodge an appeal to Disability Sports Australia on one or more of the following grounds:
 - 26.1 that a denial of natural justice has occurred
 - 26.2 that the disciplinary measure/s imposed is unjust and/or unreasonable
 - 26.3 that the decision was not supported by the information/evidence provided at the mediation or to the Tribunal Hearing
- 27. A person wanting to appeal must lodge a letter setting out the basis for their appeal with the CEO within 7 days of the decision being made. An appeal fee of \$100 shall be included with the letter of intention to appeal.

- 28. If the letter of appeal is not received by CEO within this time, the right of appeal will lapse. If the letter of appeal is received but the appeal fee is not received within this time, the appeal will also lapse.
- 29. The letter of appeal and the notice of the Tribunal's decision (Clause 24) will be forwarded to the CEO to review and to decide whether there are sufficient grounds for the appeal to proceed. The DSA Board may invite any witnesses to the meeting that he or she believes are required to make an informed decision.
- 30. If the appellant has not shown sufficient grounds for an appeal in accordance with Clause 26, then the appeal will be rejected. The appellant will be notified in writing, including the reasons for the decision. The appeal fee will be forfeited.
- 31. If the appeal is accepted, an Appeal Tribunal with new panel members will be convened to rehear the complaint, and the appeal fee will be refunded.
- 32. The Tribunal hearing procedure shall be followed for the Appeal Tribunal.
- 33. The decision of the Appeal Tribunal will be final.

PART E: REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND DOCUMENTS/FORMS

We will ensure that all the complaints we receive, both formal and informal, are properly documented. This includes recording how the complaint was resolved and the outcome of the complaint.

This information, and any additional records and notes, will be treated confidentially and stored in a secure place.

We will treat any allegation of child abuse or neglect promptly, seriously and with a high degree of sensitivity.

We will ensure that everyone who works with our organisation in a paid or unpaid capacity understands how to appropriately receive and record allegations of child abuse and neglect and how to report those allegations to the relevant authorities in their state or territory.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment E1: Confidential record of informal complaint
 Attachment E2: Confidential record of formal complaint
 Attachment E3: Handling an allegation of child abuse

Attachment E4: Confidential record of child abuse allegation

Attachment E1: CONFIDENTIAL RECORD OF INFORMAL COMPLAINT

Name of person receiving complaint				Date:	/	/
Complainant's Name	□ Over 18		□ Under 18			
Role/status	□ Administrator □ Athlete/player □ Coach/Assista □ Employee (page 1) □ Official	ant Coach	□ Parent □ Spectator □ Support Po □ Other			
When/where did the incident take place?						
What are the facts relating to the incident, as stated by complainant?						
What is the nature of the complaint? (category/basis/grounds)	☐ Harassment Sexual/sexist	or □ Discrimination □ Selection dispute	□ Coach	ing methods	3	
	Sexuality	□ Personality clash	□ Verl	bal abuse		
Tick more than one box if necessary	Race	□ Bullying	□ Phy	sical abuse		
	Religion	□ Disability	□ Vic	timisation		
	☐ Pregnancy	☐ Child Abuse	□ Unf	air decision		
	Other					
What does the complainant want to happen to resolve the issue?						
What other information has the complainant provided?						
What is the complainant going to do now?						

This record and any notes must be kept in a confidential and safe place. Do not enter it on a computer system. If the issue becomes a formal complaint, this record is to be given to the Disability Sports Australia Board of Directors.

Attachment E2: CONFIDENTIAL RECORD OF FORMAL COMPLAINT Page 1 of 2

Complainant's Name			Date Formal Complaint		
•	□ Over 18	□ Under 18	Received: / /		
Complainant's contact details	Phone: Email:		1		
Complainant's role/position	☐ Administrator (volunteer) ☐ Par				
rolo, pooliion	☐ Athlete/player ☐ ☐ Coach/Assistant Coach		□ Spectator□ Support Personnel		
			ther		
	□ Official				
Name of person complained about (respondent)	□ Over 18	□Un	der 18		
Respondent's	☐ Administrator (volunteer)	□ P	arent		
role/position	□ Athlete/player □ Spectator				
	☐ Employee (paid)	□ O	ther		
	☐ Official				
Location/event of alleged incident					
Description of alleged incident					
Nature of complaint (category/basis/grounds)		Discrimination ection dispute	□ Coaching methods		
		rsonality clash	□ Verbal abuse		
Tick more than one box if necessary		ıllying	□ Physical abuse		
,	☐ Religion ☐ Dis	sability	□ Victimisation		
	☐ Pregnancy ☐ Chi	ild Abuse	☐ Unfair decision		
	☐ Other				
Methods (if any) of attempted informal resolution					

Attachment E2: CONFIDENTIAL RECORD OF FORMAL COMPLAINT Page 2 of 2

Formal resolution procedures followed (outline)	
If investigated:	Finding
If heard by Tribunal:	Decision Action recommended
If mediated:	Date of mediation: Both /All parties present: Yes / No
	Agreement
	Any other action taken
If decision was appealed	Decision
	Action recommended
Resolution	☐ Less than 3 months to resolve
	☐ Between 3 – 8 months to resolve
	☐ More than 8 months to resolve
Completed by	Name: Position: Signature: Date / /
Signed by:	Complainant:
	Respondent:

This record and any notes must be kept in a confidential and safe place. If the complaint is of a serious nature, or if it is taken to and/or dealt with at the national level, the original record must be provided to Disability Sports Australia and a copy kept with the organisation where the complaint was first made.

Attachment E3: HANDLING AN ALLEGATION OF CHILD ABUSE

If you believe a child is in immediate danger or a life-threatening situation, contact the Police immediately on 000.

Fact sheets on reporting allegations of child abuse in different states and territories are available at www.playbytherules.net.au.

We will treat any allegation of child abuse or neglect promptly, seriously and with a high degree of sensitivity.

All people working with Disability Sports Australia in a paid or unpaid capacity have a duty to report any concerns to the appropriate authorities, following the steps outlined below.

Step 1: Receive the allegation

If a child or young person raises with you an allegation of child abuse or neglect that relates to them or to another child, it is important that you listen, stay calm and be supportive.

Do	Don't
Make sure you are clear about what the child has told you	Do not challenge or undermine the child
,	
Reassure the child that what has occurred is not his or her fault	Do not seek detailed information, ask leading questions or offer an opinion.
Explain that other people may need to be	Do not discuss the details with any person
told in order to stop what is happening.	other than those detailed in these
	procedures.
Promptly and accurately record the discussion in writing.	Do not contact the alleged offender.

Step 2: Report the allegation

- Immediately report any allegation of child abuse or neglect, or any situation involving a child at risk of harm, to the police and/or the relevant child protection agency. You may need to make a report to both.
- Contact the relevant child protection agency or police for advice if there is <u>any</u> doubt about whether the allegation should be reported.
- If the allegation involves a person to whom this Policy applies, then also report the allegation to the CEO of Disability Sports Australia so that he or she can manage the situation.

Step 3: Protect the child and manage the situation

- The CEO will assess the immediate risks to the child and take interim steps to ensure the child's safety and the safety of any other children. This may include redeploying the alleged offender to a position where there is no unsupervised contact with children, supervising the alleged offender or removing/suspending him or her until any investigations have been concluded. Legal advice should be sought before any interim steps are made if the person is in paid employment with Disability Sports Australia.
- The CEO will consider what services may be most appropriate to support the child and his or her parent/s.
- The CEO will consider what support services may be appropriate for the alleged offender.
- The CEO will put in place measures to protect the child and the alleged offender from possible victimisation and gossip.

Step 4: Take internal action

- Up to three different investigations could be undertaken to examine allegations that are made against a person to whom this Policy applies, including:
 - a criminal investigation (conducted by the police)
 - a child protection investigation (conducted by the relevant child protection agency)
 - a disciplinary or misconduct inquiry/investigation (conducted by Disability Sports Australia)
- Regardless of the findings of the police and/or child protection agency investigations, Disability Sports Australia will assess the allegations to decide whether the alleged offender should return to his or her position, be dismissed, be banned or face any other disciplinary action.
- The CEO of Disability Sports Australia will consider all information relevant to the matter – including any findings made by the police, the child protection authority and/or court – and then set out a finding, recommend actions and the rationale for those actions.
- If disciplinary action is recommended, we will follow the procedures set out in Clause 9 of our Member Protection Policy.
- We will provide the relevant government agency with a report of any disciplinary action we take, where this is required.

Contact details for advice or to report an allegation of child abuse

Office for Children, Youth and Family Services www.dhcs.act.gov.au/ocyfs/services/care_and_protection Ph: 1300 556 729
Department of Community Services www.community.nsw.gov.au Ph: 132 111
Department of Children and Families www.childrenandfamilies.nt.gov.au Ph: 1800 700 250
Department of Communities www.communities.qld.gov.au/childsafety Ph: 1800 811 810
Department for Communities and Social Inclusion www.dcsi.sa.gov.au Ph: 131 478
Department of Health and Human Services www.dhhs.tas.gov.au/children Ph: 1300 737 639
Department of Human Services www.dhs.vic.gov.au Ph: 131 278
Department for Child Protection www.dcp.wa.gov.au Ph: (08) 9222 2555 or 1800 622 258

Attachment E4: CONFIDENTIAL RECORD OF CHILD ABUSE ALLEGATION Page 1 of 2

Before completing this form, please ensure that the steps outlined in Attachment E3 have been followed and advice has been sought from the police and/or the relevant child protection agency.

Complainant's name (if other than the child)		Date formal complaint received:
Role/status in sport		
Child's name		Age:
Child's address		
Person's reason for suspecting abuse		
(e.g. observation, injury, disclosure)		
Name of person complained about		
Role/status in sport		ectator oport Personnel
Witnesses (if more than three witnesses, attach details to this form)	Name (1): Contact details: Name (2): Contact details: Name (3): Contact details:	
Interim action taken (if any)		
Police contacted	Who: When: Advice provided:	
Child protection agency contacted	Who: When: Advice provided:	

Attachment E4: CONFIDENTIAL RECORD OF CHILD ABUSE ALLEGATION Page 2 of 2

CEO contacted	Who: When:	
Police investigation (if any)	Finding:	
Child protection agency investigation (if any)	Finding:	
Internal investigation (if any)	Finding:	
Action taken		
Completed by	Name: Position: Signature:	/ /
Signed by	Complainant (if not a child)	

This record and any notes must be kept in a confidential and safe place. If required, they should be provided to the police and/or the relevant child protection agency.